28BYJ-48-5V Raspberry Pi Stepper Motor HAT Datasheet



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General Description

The Raspberry Pi stepper HAT uses three ULN2003A driver ICs to power 5V 28BYJ-48 stepper motors directly from the Raspberry Pi GPIO pins. The 28BYJ-48 5V stepper motors get directly plugged into the white JST connectors on the stepper HAT. The HAT also has a 16 pin header the can be used to easily solder a standard pin header or directly solder wires to external hardware. The 16 pin header easily marks the pins for I2C, UART, and SPI. There is also an EEPROM chip that is used by the Raspberry Pi to get the HAT board info directly from the stepper HAT.

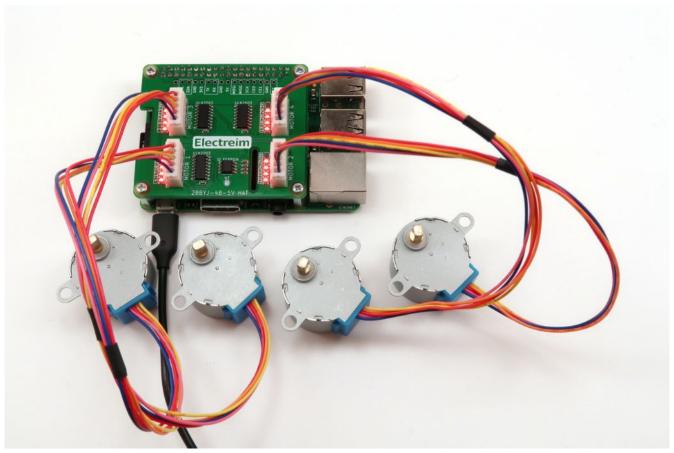


Figure 1: Stepper HAT driving four 28BYJ-48-5V stepper motors.

Pinout

Motor 4		
28BYJ-48 Motor Coil	GPIO	
1	19	
2	16	
3	26	
4	20	
5V	5V	

Motor 3		
28BYJ-48 Motor Coil	GPIO	
1	5	
2	6	
3	12	
4	13	
5V	5V	

Motor 1		
28BYJ-48 Motor Coil	GPIO	
1	4	
2	17	
3	18	
4	27	
5V	5V	

Motor 2		
28BYJ-48 Motor Coil	GPIO	
1	22	
2	23	
3	24	
4	25	
5V	5V	

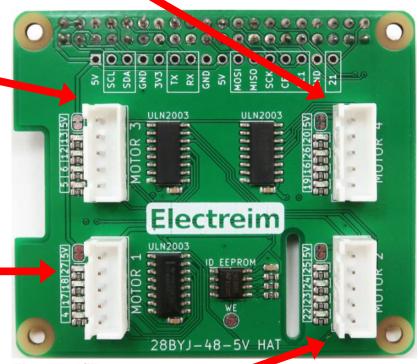


Figure 2: JST stepper connectors.

Pin Header

+5V	5V	POWER	
GPIO3	SCL	IC	
GPIO2	SDA	I2C	
GND	GND	DOWED	
+3.3V	3V3	POWER	
GPIO14	TX	CEDIAI	
GPIO15	RX	SERIAL	
GND	GND	DOWED	
+5V	5V	POWER	
GPIO10	MOSI		
GPIO9	MISO		
GPIO11	SCK	SPI	
GPIO8	CE0		
GPIO7	CE1		
GND	GND	POWER	
GPIO21	21	GPIO	



Disable LED

There are four red LEDs in front of each motor connector which indicate the current coil of the motor being powered. The LEDs are enabled by default on every stepper HAT. The LEDs can be easily disable for each motor connector by carefully cutting the connector between the jumper pads. To enable the LEDs, solder a small bridge on the jumper pads to connect them together.

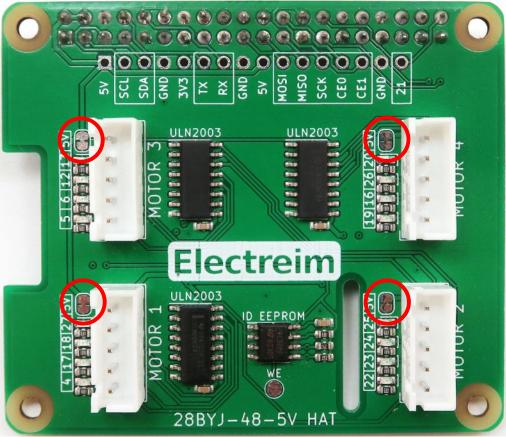


Figure 3: LED enable jumper pads.



Figure 4: Cut trace to disable LEDs.

ID EEPROM

The stepper HAT comes with an EEPROM chip that is used by the Raspberry Pi to get device information from the stepper HAT. The stepper HAT does not require any firmware or drivers to work as the HAT is directly controlled through the GPIO. The EEPROM only contains information about the board such as the name, company, and version. If the EEPROM needs to be written to, write access can be enabled by connecting the EEPROM test pad (WE) on the front of the HAT to ground before and during a write cycle. Updating the EEPROM is not necessary unless the data gets corrupted or there is a firmware update.



Figure 5: EEPROM WE pad.

Schematic

